





POLISHED MARBLE WALL TILE







FEATURES AND BENEFITS

-  Please check that the wall is strong enough to take the extra load
-  Natural products need to be sealed before and after grouting in order to protect their individual finish.
-  A degree of colour or shade variation is an inherent part of these products. Please ensure that a satisfactory effect can be reached prior to installing the products as claims relating solely to colour variation or shading will not be

accepted after fitting.

-  Be aware that stone tiles are inherently more slippery when wet and do not use abrasive or corrosive cleaners

This product can be used in the following areas:

-  Lounge/Dining areas
-  Kitchens and Utility rooms
-  Hallways and Porches
-  Bathrooms and cloakrooms
-  Conservatories and outdoors
-  Light commercial use

POLISHED MARBLE WALL TILE FIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Prepare

Ensure that the surface is sound, dry, flat and free from dirt grease or flaking. Seal new plaster with a suitable primer.

2. Plan

Arrange tiles in the desired layout before fixing. Mix the contents of two or three packs of tiles to achieve an acceptable blend of colour and shade. For external edges, an edging strip is available.

3. Fixing

Spread adhesive onto the wall or existing tiles using a notched spreader. Place the first tile on a straight line. A spirit level will help.

Put tile spacers in between the tiles. A 6mm grout joint is recommended. Press down well so they can be grouted over.

Remove excess adhesive. Clean and dry thoroughly before applying sealer.

4. Sealing

Thoroughly clean and dry the tiles and then apply impregnator/sealer before grouting. Following the sealer manufacturer's instructions.

5. Cutting

Natural tiles are very hard materials which we recommend cutting with a wet, diamond wheel cutter.



6. Grouting


Allow 12 hours for the tile adhesive to set before grouting. Use the grout float to grout well into the tile joints and remove any excess immediately with a damp sponge. Allow to dry before applying a second coat of sealer.

Always follow the grout manufacturer's instructions. Use a grout finisher to obtain a professional result. Use a suitable spreader to apply the grout. Clean the surface with a damp sponge as you go. Polish off powdery residue with dry cloth.







POLISHED MARBLE FLOOR TILE

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

-  Please check that the floor is strong enough to take the extra load
-  A degree of colour or shade variation is an inherent part of these products. Please ensure that a satisfactory effect can be reached prior to installing the products as claims relating solely to colour variation or shading will not be accepted after fitting.

-  Be aware that stone tiles are inherently more slippery when wet and do not use abrasive or corrosive cleaners

This product can be used in the following areas:

-  Lounge/Dining areas
-  Kitchens and Utility rooms
-  Hallways and Porches
-  Bathrooms and cloakrooms
-  Conservatories and outdoors
-  Light commercial use

POLISHED MARBLE FLOOR TILE FIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Prepare

These tiles can be laid onto either a prepared concrete floor, treated with self levelling compound or a suitably prepared timber floor overlaid with suitable water resistant flooring grade plywood. We would recommend using a 6 mm or 9 mm board where there is the slightest movement. The boards should then be coated with flexible primer or PVA.

2. Plan

Mix the contents of two or three packs of tiles to achieve an acceptable blend of colour and shade. Position the first tile (key tile) in the centre of the room to avoid uneven gaps around the edges.

3. Fixing

Spread the floor tile adhesive, working on one square metre at a time. Bed tiles into the adhesive so no air is trapped underneath. Put spacers in between the tiles. Wipe tiles with a damp sponge to remove any excess adhesive.

4. Cutting

Leave tiles for 24 hours before cutting and laying the edge tiles.

Natural tiles are very hard materials which we recommend cutting with a wet, diamond wheel cutter.

5. Sealing

Thoroughly clean and dry the tiles and then apply impregnator/sealer before grouting. Following the sealer manufacturers instructions.

6. Grouting

Allow 12 hours for the tile adhesive to set before grouting. Use the grout float to grout well into the tile joints and remove any excess immediately with a damp sponge. Allow to dry before applying a second coat of sealer.

Always follow the grout manufacturer's instructions. Use a grout finisher to obtain a professional result. Use a suitable spreader to apply the grout. Clean the surface with a damp sponge as you go. Polish off powdery residue with dry cloth.

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